Fideral Judges Call Prohibition and Enforcement Constitutional.

Not Ended and U. S. Still at War, Is Ruling.

DHICAGO, Nov. 17.—The liquor inter suffered another setback to-day n Judge George A. Carpenter handed a decision in the United States fict Court which held that the war prohibition act and the Voistead cement act were constitutional. e Carpenter announced that Judge is Fitzhenry of Peorla, Ill., had conred in the decision.

making his ruling, Judge Carpenter sied the suit for injunction brought Levy Mayer, representing Hannah Hegg, wholesale liquor dealers, to rain United States District Attor-Charles F. Clyne and Julius F. tanka, collector of internal revenue, enforcing the dry act and the en-

inder the fifth amendment to the stitution, which provides that legison restricting personal liberties of viduals may be passed if the comalty as a whole is benefitted, Judge Corpenter held that Congress was em powered to pass the two acts involved in the case. He held the acts con-tourional because "demobilization of adustries mobilized by the war was not mplete, and that the country was still in a state of war, regardless of Gen. Fershing's statement that army de-anobilization was complete and despite the President's veto of the Voistead act indicating that the war was over."

Rights Are Defined.

Referring to the national prohibition act, Judge Carpenter in his decision said:

said:

"If the State of Kansas, under its police power, had the right to prohibit the manufacture, and sale of ardent spirits, so had each one of the other forty-seven States in the Union. If all of the States had the right, granting that the Federal Government under the Constitution while prosecuting the war, was entitled to exercise police power necessary and proper for the efficient carrying on of the war, there is no reason why the central Government could not provide against the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in all of the States and that without compensation to the owners and dealers."

The Judge further said:

"Congress had the power before the congress had the power passed to "If the State of Kansas, under its

The Judge further said:
"Congress had the power before the
Eighteenth Amendment was passed to
make police regulations in the aid of
war. This amendment certainly did
not destroy that right. If that amendment had been passed in January, 1917,
with the one year of grace for the liquor
interests to readjust themselves and
their businesses, could any one in reason contend that Congress had not the power in April. 1917, to prohibit the manufacture, sale or even use of arden

Disagrees With Judge Brown.

"I cannot agree with the decision of Judge Brown in Rhode Island that the eighteenth amendment necessitates the declaring of war and national prohibiunconstitutional.

What Congress has done is in the interest of public welfare and public morals. If plaintiff, not entitled to compensation, the prohibition laws being valid, may sell or distribute their product among people of the country, the damage to the general welfare has been done and never can be undone. If the action of Congress was wise, and so we must assume it to be helicying the proof public welfare nust assume it to be, believing the pro-hibition acts to be lawful, even were the question here involved doubtful, we would have to resolve the doubts in favor of the Government."

DRY RULING DEC. 8 BY SUPREME COURT

This Is Earliest Date in View of Adjournment.

Washington, Nov. 17.—While arguments on the validity of the war time prohibition act will be heard by the Supreme Court Thursday, a decision is not expected before December 8, when the court reconvenes after a recess, anced to-day to begin next Monday. Meantime machinery for the enforce-ment of the act which has been set up by the Internal Revenue Bureau is get-



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URT IN CHICAGO

ting under way and is expected to be in full operation before the end of the week. John F. Kramer of Ohio assumed his duties to-day as Federal Prohibition. It is war to the death of to-commissioner, and announcement of district and State directors is expected. World prohibition is to be desired, within a day or two.

within a day or two.
Should the Supreme Court hold the war time act unconstitutional, millions of gallons of whiskey and wine would be placed on the market immediately in those States which had not voted out liquor before the operation of the Fed-

Those longing for a "wet" Christmas are not placing all their hopes on a fa-vorable opinion by the Supreme Court. pemobilization of Industry are not placing all their hopes on a fatorrable opinion by the Suprems Court.
In spite of the somewhat complicated the opening gun into the strong fortifled position of the tobacconist and his hordes of faithful followers.

In her speech she urged her hearers of the W. C. T. U. to go bravely into the end of the present special session of the open and to abandon the "guerilla". Congress this month. The White House has announced that immediately upon the proclamation of peace President Wilson will declare war time prohibition at

> W. C. T. U. OPENS WAR ON TOBACCO IN U. S. \$1,000,000 Campaign Planned

by Women Leaders. Sr. Louis, Nov. 17.—Gazing upon the prostrate figure of "Demon Rum" to-day the national organization of the

surveyed the horizon for "other worlds

World prohibition is to be desired, fought for but that battle is to be waged in other lands; in the new repub-lies of Europe and countries remote W. C. T. U. in America stands for the suppression of tobacco. A great pro-portion of the \$1,900,000 that is hoped to be raised is to go into the fight against tobacco.

Mrs. Frances E. Beauchamp, president of the Kentucky W. T. C. U., fired warfare" of the last few years.

DRY LID HITS STEAMSHIP.

Islands at Miami, Fla.

MIAMI, Fla., Nov. 17 .- Selzure by Federal authorities of two boats plying between Florida ports and the Bahama Islands, was declared to-day to be the first step in a campaign to end filleit liquor traffic between the nearby British possessions and this country.

The vessels were seized under the technical charge of sailing for a foreign the necessary clearance Woman's Christian Temperance Union

# LIQUOR MEN MUST DISPROVE CHARGES

Contention Volstead Law Is Invalid Does Not Enter "Nuisance" Cases.

The power of the United States Goverment to put out of business permanently, as public nulsances, saloons spec-lified by the Federal Attorney as having the present time. The defendants will violated the war time prohibition act is likely to be settled next Friday morning when Judge Learned Hand of the United States District Court will hear the defence to be put in by the Eastern liquor dealers. The cases came up yesterday before Judge Hand, who continued the stay of the temporary injunctions that had been secured by Federal to show that they are guiltiess of ille Attorney Caffey. Commenting on these gally selling liquor. cases Judge Hand said:

"The constitutional questions raised present nothing different from the cases of Dryfoos & Blum against Edwards that the President will pigeonhole the (the Collector of Internal Revenue), and peace treaty increased the gloom of the Ruppert against Caffey (the Federal At- interests concerned, since it has been will meet in the Astor this morning.

torney), argued at the same time and decided on November 14, 1919. They will follow the disposition which I made of

"This suit is brought under Title of the National prohibition act to obtain an injunction against the tenant and owner of a building in which liquor was sold, on the ground that it has become a nulsance. Upon the question whether it was in fact a nulsance there is a dispute of fact, the persons who are charged with selling the liquor denying the statements of the officials that they sold it. "As the whole question involved in the

administration of the law and the proper procedure which should be adopted will come up next Friday on the motion calbe heard at that time upon the questions other than constitutional which this case presents. Meanwhile, the stay will be continued." Judge Hand's comment clearly stated

that liquor sellers arrested for violations cannot hope to escape the consequences. if violations are proved, by contentions that the wartime prohibition act or the Volstead enforcement act is invalid. Judge Hand has ruled decisively that both acts are valid. Their only hope is

Nothing developed yesterday to justify the rumor spread in liquor circles that the President is on the eve of lifting the ban, and the news from Washington

ecognized that lifting the ban would be contingent, probably, upon ratification of the treaty and acceptance of the treaty

Arkansas Bars Wer Referendum LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 17 .- The Arkansas Supreme Court in a decision to-day sus

tained the Secretary of State's refusal to certify petitions for a referendum in this State on ratification of the national

SECURITIES PLAN STANDS. Valuations to Be Listed Along Same Lines as Last Year.

After a hearing in the Hotel Astor vesterday afternoon the valuation an adjustment committee of the National Insurance Commissioners' convention anounced that it had decided to retain the plan of valuing securities to be listed in reports made by insurance companies to State insurance commiss ers which was in vogue last year. The valuation of securities November 1, 1918, will be added to the valuation on the same date this year and the totals divided by two, thus striking a general average for the year.

A modification was adopted, however which provides that the valuation shall not at any time exceed the market prices of the securities as of December 31 next. All Government war bonds are listed at par, provided they were bought directly from the Government. The committee on laws and legislation

Arista Society Has Election.

Capt. Edward W. Whitwell, R. A. E., was feelected president and Miss Jeanne Kirkpatrick and L. E. Wakeman were Kirkpatrick and L. E. Wakeman were reelected secretary and treasurer, respectively, of the Arista Society at its annual meeting held yesterday. The organization is made up of the staff members and workers of the British noted. War Mission at 165 Broadway.

Governor's Mother Worse

Mrs. Catherine Smith, the Governor's other, who is ill at her home at 9 Middagh street, Brooklyn, was not so well noted.

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# Labor and Production Factory Costs and Profits

The Du Pont Chemical Company Offers the Petersburg-Hopewell Industrial District of Virginia to the Manufacturers of the World as a Solution of Their Big Problems of Production and Distribution.

#### Are These Your Problems?

Are excessive power costs or high wage, tax, water and insurance rates cutting down your profits?

Is your production hampered by adverse labor and housing conditions?

Is your business suffering for lack of cheap and adequate transportation facilities?

Are you without room to expand your plant to take care of the increased demand that's coming? Would a branch factory located at a place of greater

strategic value help to solve your marketing problems? Do you have to fight a hostile local government to prevent

harassing restrictions on your business? Does it require cheaper power and lower factory costs to

make your business a greater success? Do you need greater financial aid for expansion, or the help of technical and traffic experts to work out your particular

Are you looking for a suitable place to begin a manufacturing business?

### How Hopewell Solves Them

Steam and electric power, light, heat and air pressure below standard prices.

Rail and deep water shipping facilities that are unsurpassed in point of service and cost.

Freedom from labor and housing troubles. Houses are plentiful, rent is cheap, and living costs are approximately on a pre-war basis.

Factories already built and splendid sites for new buildings with railroad sidings.

Abundance of purest water for all domestic and industrial purposes at low rates. Best fire protection in the world, with consequent low insurance costs.

Climate never too hot or too cold for out-of-door work. Health conditions such as to make Hopewell a potential health resort.

Civic environment that makes Hopewell a good place to live and rear a family. Adequate financial help to take care of legitimate devel-

opment or expansion and expert technical advisors and industrial engineers to aid in solving your problems.

In short, the essentials to make your business a greater success are at Hopewell.

# NOTE

As its name implies, the Du Pont Chemical Company is not a real estate concern. We have these factories, factory sites and other buildings—a limited number-which we offer for immediate sale direct to manufacturers, at attractive terms. We are employing the most powerful and the quickest means of disposing of our peace surplus and of acquainting the public with the opportunities Hopewell offers. It will be a matter of first come first served. Quick action is advisable.

#### A Tidewater Port

This industrial district is about eighty miles west of Norfolk and twenty-three miles south of Richmond at the junction of the Appomattox and James rivers—in reality part of Chesapeake Bay.

It is a railway center with trunk-line connections to all points North. West and South. It is a tidewater port with steamer connections with transatlantic, South American and coastwise ports. Its shipping facilities compare favorably with those of the big port cities.

# Factories and Sites

Hopewell was designed for the production of guncotton on a colossal scale. In less than a year it rose from a quiet little town to an industrial city of over 40,000 population.

Hopewell now presents opportunities to manufacturers unique in history—factory buildings easily adaptable to many kinds of manufacturing—1200 acres available for factory sites with railway sidings already built.

## Labor and Housing

Labor, both skilled and unskilled, male and female, can be recruited from the surrounding territory to supply all needs. Within the space of a few weeks, the Du Pont Company recruited 30,000 workers. Low living costs have kept and should continue to keep wages at a fair level. Strikes are unknown.

Hopewell has cottages, bungalows, apartments and dormitories sufficient to accommodate 12,000 workers. In addition, it has clubs, hotels, churches, schools, commissary operating on a low cost-plus basis, stores, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., and all the public utilities and civic improvements that constitute a modern city.

# Power and Water

Hopewell has three gigantic and modern power plants; a total capacity of 60,000 h. p., ready to supply manufacturers with steam, electricity, heat, light and air pressure in any quantity at a surprisingly low cost.

Water of hygienic purity is drawn from filtration plants with a daily capacity of 50,000,000 gallons—more than enough to supply a city of 500,000.

### Raw Material and Fuel

The Pocahontas and New River coal fields, which produce the best steam coal in the world, lie within a short hauling distance and assure a constant supply of low priced fuel.

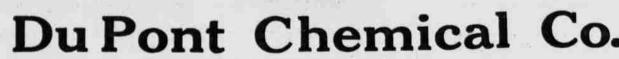
Hopewell is in the center of a region rich in natural resources. Within a radius of fifty miles are produced annually \$55,000,000 feet of timber available for lumber or for pulp and paper making; 25,000,000 pounds of tobacco, 3,000,000 bushels of corn, 2,000,000 bushels of peanuts and other crops valued at ever \$5,000,000. Each of these products offers opportunities to manufacturers.

# A Good Place to Live

Hopewell's climatic and general health conditions are unsurpassed. It is a city without a "housing problem"; a city where profiteering is unknown, a city where, compared with some cities, the worker's fifty cents buys a dollar's worth of goods; a city where living ceases to be a losing struggle. In brief, Hopewell is a city where the average man would like to live and rear his children.

Tell Us Your Problems

Our experts—Technical, Industrial, Traffic—will gladly study your specific requirements, investigate your problems of raw materials, manufacturing processes transportation and give you an unbiased report as to the adaptability of Hopewell (plant sites, present available equipment, raw materials, etc.) to your special needs. This service is free. It may lead to the solution of your problems. Write to the solution of your problems. Write or wire Wilmington, or Petersburg Chamber of Commerce, Petersburg, Va.



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